

The HDL proteomic in acute coronary syndromes shifts to an inflammatory profile

CNPN 2014

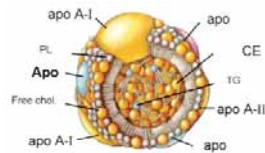
Zuhier Awan, MD, MSc, FRCPC

Reverse Cholesterol Transport



High-density lipoprotein or HDL is one of the five major groups of lipoproteins

What is HDL?



What proteins are associated with HDL? Do they change depending on the vascular environment?

The evolution of man?



Healthy Control

Coronary Artery Disease

Acute Coronary Artery Disease



Table 1: Clinical characteristics of study subjects

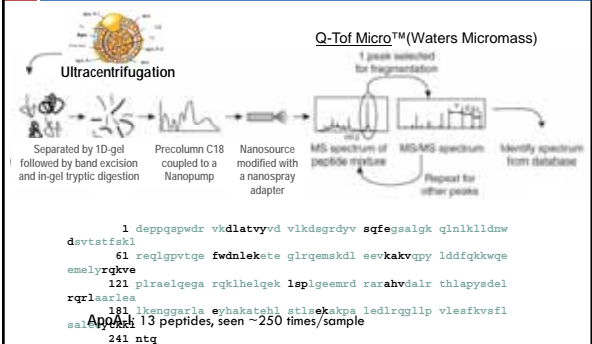
Table 1: Clinical characteristics of study subjects

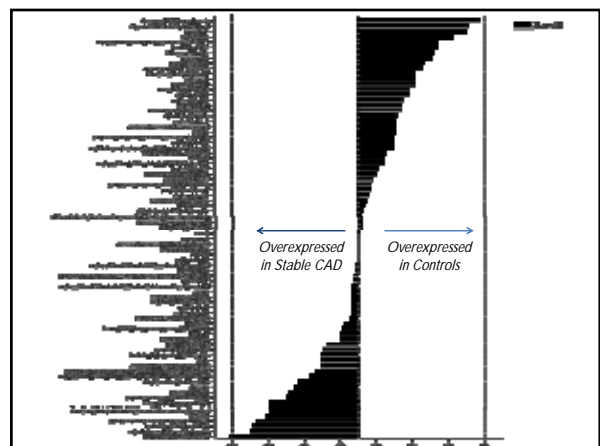
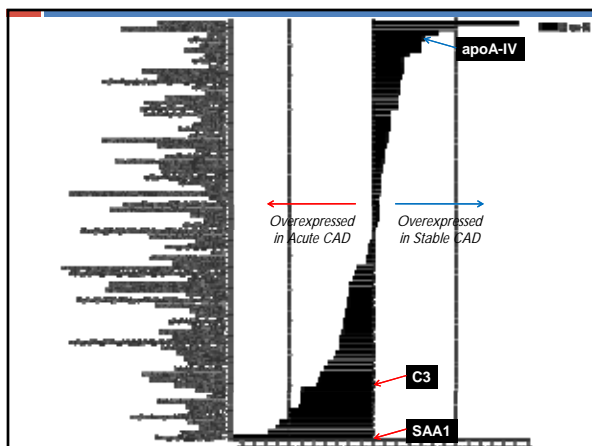
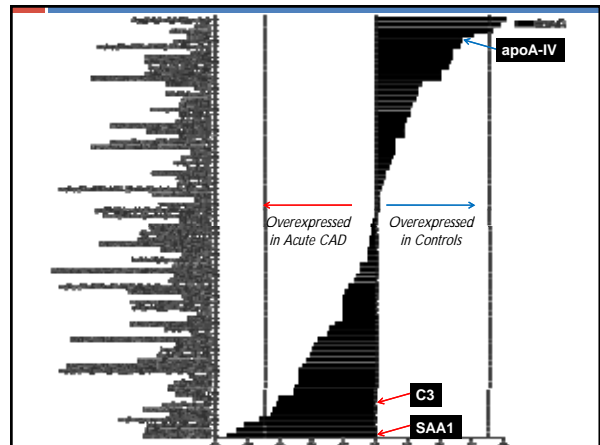
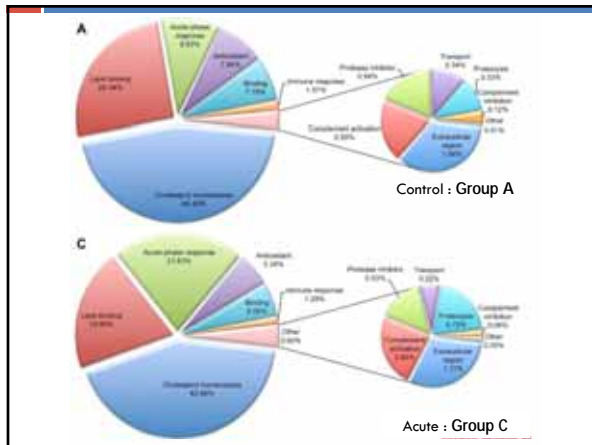
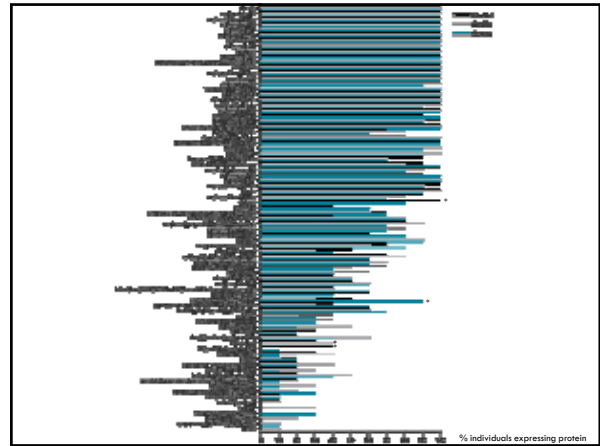
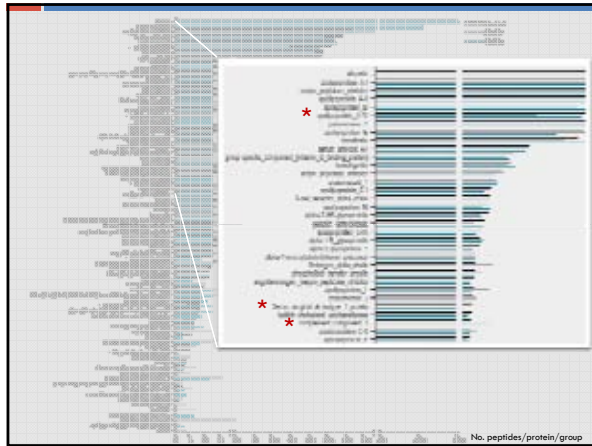
Group	n	Age	Cholesterol (mg/mL)	Triglycerides (mg/mL)	HDL-C (mmol/L)	LDL-C (mmol/L)	ApoA-I (mg/mL)	ApoB (mg/mL)	hsCRP
Control	10	51(8)	5.50(1.25)	1.69(0.74)	1.24(0.21)	3.49(1.15)	1.49(0.22)	1.11(0.26)	1.7(1.6)
Stable	10	58(7)	4.75(1.51)	1.46(0.81)	1.06(0.21)	3.09(1.09)	1.40(0.16)	1.21(0.42)	1.4(1.2)
Acute	10	51(10)	3.96(0.26)*	1.41(0.81)	0.75(0.22)*	2.58(0.51)	1.15(0.29)*	0.99(0.10)	30.4(40.1)*

Results represent mean(SD). * $P \leq 0.05$ between control subjects and acute or stable coronary artery disease by Student's *t* test.

Control : Group A
Stable : Group B
Acute : Group C

Shotgun proteomics



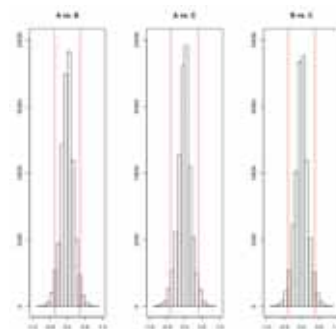


Peptide index

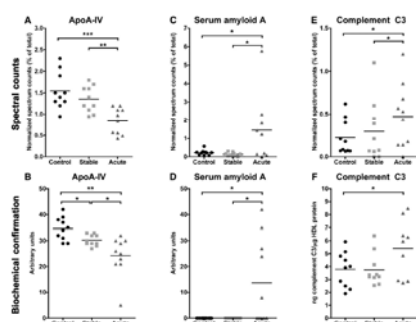
- Semi-quantitative comparison of relative protein abundance between two groups

$$= \left[\frac{\text{Peptides in Grp1}}{\text{Peptides in Grp1 + Grp2}} \times \% \text{ Grp1 subjects with } \geq 1 \text{ peptide} \right] - \left[\frac{\text{Peptides in Grp2}}{\text{Peptides in Grp1 + Grp2}} \times \% \text{ Grp2 subjects with } \geq 1 \text{ peptide} \right]$$

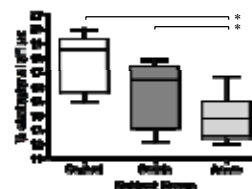
Permutation analysis of peptide index



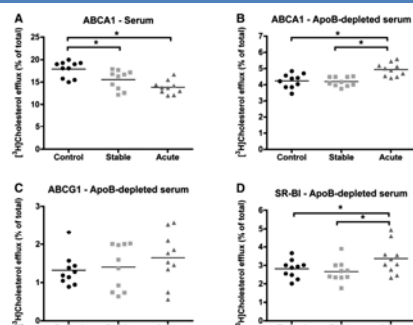
Quantification of protein abundance by spectrum counts and confirmed by immunoblot and ELISA



Macrophage ABCA1-mediated cholesterol efflux assay



ABCA1-mediated cholesterol efflux assay



Summary of findings

- Using shotgun proteomic analysis we have identified 67 proteins associated with HDL
- We have validated 62 previously reported proteins, and reported 5 novel proteins:
 - zinc-α-2-glycoprotein
 - aminopeptidase N
 - Cathelicidin antimicrobial peptide
 - leucine-rich α-2-glycoprotein
 - Carbonic anhydrase I
- We have demonstrated that the composition of HDL changes depending on vascular status