International Journal of Algebra, Vol. 4, 2010, no. 27, 1317 – 1328

## **Derivation in Prime Rings and Banach Algebra<sup>1</sup>**

## M. S. Khan

Department of Mathematics and Statistics Sultan Qaboos University P.O. Box 36, Postal Code 123, Al-Khod Muscat, Sultanate of Oman <u>mohammad@squ.edu.om</u>

## $\mathbf{M}$ . $\mathbf{A}$ . $\mathbf{K}$ han<sup>1</sup>

Centre for Interdisciplinary Research in Basic Sciences (CIRBSc) Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar, New Delhi-110025, India <u>mkhan91@gmail.com</u>

## Abstract

Let *R* be a prime ring of characteristics different from 2 and 3. If there exits a nonzero derivation *d* from *R* to itself that the map  $x \rightarrow [[[[d(x),x], x], x], x]$  is centralizing on *R* then d = 0. Combining this result together with the result of Sinclair and Johnson, we extend the Singer-Wermer theorem and its application in Banach algebra. Finally, we conclude some open problems.

Mathematics Subject Classifications: 16A12, 16A70, 16W25, 16N60, 46K15

**Keywords:** Banach algebra, centralizing mapping and commuting mapping, derivation, Jordan derivation, prime ring, semiprime ring, semi simple ring

\_\_\_\_\_

<sup>1</sup>This paper as presented by the author at the 23<sup>rd</sup> Annual Conference of Ramanujan Mathematical Society (RMS) during (May 19-21,2008) at the Indian Institute of Technology (IITK), Kanpur, India.