

C

King Abdul Aziz University Faculty of Sciences Mathematics Department
 Math 110 First Test Spring 2012 (30 Marks) Time 90 m
 Student Name: _____ Student Number: C

1) $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) =$

A $\sqrt{3}$

B $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

D $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

2) Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{x+5}{\sqrt{2-x^2}}$.

A $(-\infty, -\sqrt{2}] \cup [\sqrt{2}, \infty)$

B $(-\infty, -\sqrt{2}) \cup (\sqrt{2}, \infty)$

C $[-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$

D $(-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$

3) The solution of the inequality $5x + 3 > 3x + 5$ is

A $[4, \infty)$

B $(1, \infty)$

C $[1, \infty)$

D $(4, \infty)$

4) If $f(x) = x^2 - 3x - 10$, $g(x) = x - 5$, and $x \neq 5$, then $(\frac{f}{g})(x) =$

A $x + 2$

B $2 - x$

C $x - 2$

D $-x - 2$

5) The solution of the inequality $-2 \leq 3x - 5 < 7$ is

A $(1, 4)$

B $[1, 4]$

C $[1, 4)$

D $(1, 4]$

6) If $\cos(x) = \frac{3}{4}$, and $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$, then $\csc(x) =$

A $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$

B $\frac{3}{\sqrt{7}}$

C $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$

D $\frac{4}{\sqrt{7}}$

7) If $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, and $g(x) = \tan x^2$, then $(g \circ f)(x) =$

A $\tan x$

B $\sqrt{\tan x}$

C $\tan \sqrt{x}$

D $\sqrt{\tan x^2}$

8) If $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 9$, and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 1$, then $(f - g)(x) =$

A $x^3 - x^2 + 8$

B $x^3 - x^2 + 10$

C $x^3 + 3x^2 + 8$

D $x^3 + 3x^2 + 10$

9) The function $f(x) = x^5 + 2x^3$ is

A Even

B Odd

C Even and odd

D Neither even nor odd

10) Find the range of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$.

A $(-\infty, 0]$

B $[0, \infty)$

C $\mathbb{R} = (-\infty, \infty)$

D $[3, \infty)$

11) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ rad =

A 120°

B 150°

C 240°

D 300°

12)	$150^\circ =$	<input type="checkbox"/> A $\frac{4\pi}{3}$ rad.	<input type="checkbox"/> B $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ rad.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ rad.	<input type="checkbox"/> D $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ rad.
13)	The solution of the inequality $ x - 5 \leq 2$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $(3, 7)$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B $[3, 7]$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $(-\infty, 3] \cup [7, \infty)$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $(-\infty, 3) \cup (7, \infty)$
14)	The solution of the inequality $ x - 5 \geq 2$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $(3, 7)$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $[3, 7]$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C $(-\infty, 3] \cup [7, \infty)$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $(-\infty, 3) \cup (7, \infty)$
15)	$\cot^2 x =$	<input type="checkbox"/> A $1 - \csc^2 x$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B $\csc^2 x - 1$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $-\csc^2 x - 1$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $1 + \csc^2 x$
16)	If $f(x) = x - 2$, and $g(x) = x - 5$, then $(fg)(x) =$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A $x^2 - 7x + 10$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $x^2 + 7x + 10$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $x^2 - 3x - 10$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $x^2 + 3x - 10$
17)	If $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$, and $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 5}$, then D_{f+g} is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $[2, \infty)$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $[-5, \infty)$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $[2, \infty)$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D $[5, \infty)$
18)	The distance between the points $(-3, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $2\sqrt{2}$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $\sqrt{6}$	<input type="checkbox"/> C 6	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D $2\sqrt{10}$
19)	The solution of the inequality $x^2 + x - 2 \geq 0$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $(-\infty, -1) \cup (2, \infty)$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $(-\infty, -1] \cup [2, \infty)$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $(-\infty, -2) \cup (1, \infty)$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D $(-\infty, -2] \cup [1, \infty)$
20)	Find the equation of the line through the point $(-1, 3)$ with slope -2 .	<input type="checkbox"/> A $y = -2x - 5$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $y = -2x + 5$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $y = -2x - 1$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D $y = -2x + 1$
21)	$(0, 5) \setminus (-3, 2) =$	<input type="checkbox"/> A $(-3, 0]$	<input type="checkbox"/> B $(-3, 0)$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C $(2, 5)$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $[2, 5)$
22)	The equation of the line passes through the points $(-1, 3)$ and $(1, 7)$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $y = 2x - 5$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B $y = 2x + 5$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $y = 2x - 1$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $y = 2x + 1$
23)	The slope the line perpendicular to the line $7y + 5x - 1 = 0$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A $-\frac{5}{7}$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B $\frac{7}{5}$	<input type="checkbox"/> C $-\frac{7}{5}$	<input type="checkbox"/> D $\frac{5}{7}$
24)	If $ x + 3 = 5$, then $x =$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A -8 or 2	<input type="checkbox"/> B -8 or -2	<input type="checkbox"/> C -2 or 8	<input type="checkbox"/> D 2 or 8
25)	The function $f(x) = 5^x$ is	<input type="checkbox"/> A Power	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B Exponential	<input type="checkbox"/> C Logarithmic	<input type="checkbox"/> D Trigonometric

26) Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{x+9}{x^2 + 7x + 10}$.

- A $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-2, 5\}$ B $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-5, -2\}$ C $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-5, 2\}$ D $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2, 5\}$

27) Find the equation of the line with slope 5 and y -intercept 2 is.

- A $y = -5x + 2$ B $y = -5x - 2$ C $y = 5x + 2$ D $y = 5x - 2$

28) $\frac{1}{\tan x} =$

- A $\cot x$ B $\sin x$ C $\sec x$ D $\csc x$

29) Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \sqrt[5]{2-x}$.

- A $(-\infty, 2]$ B $\mathbb{R} = (-\infty, \infty)$ C $[2, \infty)$ D $[-2, \infty)$

30) If the graph of the function $f(x) = 7^x$ is shifted a distance 5 units to the upward, then the new graph represented the graph of the function is

- A $7^{(x+5)}$ B $7^{(x-5)}$ C $7^x + 5$ D $7^x - 5$