



Adverb Clauses of Result

Adverb clauses of result with such---that and so---that present the result of a situation that is stated in the first clause.

Adverb clauses of result are introduced by:

- Such+ noun or noun phrase+ that + clause of result
 - The subways were such a mess that people hated to ride them.
- So+ adjective +that+ clause of result
 - The shoe brand became so popular that sales went through the roof in only a few short months.
- So+ adverb+ that + clause of result.
 - The flu spread so quickly that 50 percent of Manhattanties were sick by the end of the week.

So is also used before many, few, much, and little.

- So + much/little+ uncountable noun+ that+ clause of result.
 - Rachel Carson's book, Silent Spring, brought so much attention to the dangers of pollution that the modern environmental protection movement was born.
- So + many/few + count noun+ that + clause of result.
 - Carson exposed so many environmental dangers that the government began to scrutinize the chemical industry.

❖ Check your understanding. Follow the example.

I caught a fish.

It was so big that I needed a truck to take it home.

I watched a TV show.

It was such an exciting show that I didn't breathe for 30 minutes.

Now make your own.

1. I had a nightmare.

It ... (scary) _____

2. We took a test.

It ... (easy) _____

3. I went on a hike.

It ... (long hike) _____

4. I saw a tall man.

He ... (tall) _____

5. I ate some spicy food.

It ... (hot) _____

6. I met a skinny woman.

She . . . (skinny) _____

Complete the following sentences using so, such, and that;

- 1- The Robinsons are a very popular dance group. They get _____ a positive reception _____ that they always get invited to come back at every party they join.
 - 2- It is very hard to reach the party on time. That's only because the snow is _____ deep _____ no vehicle can move through it.
 - 3- The performances are _____ enjoyable _____ everyone in the audience is soon tapping their feet or clapping with the music.
 - 4- Everyone had _____ a good time _____ they didn't want the show to end.
- _____

Read the following questions. Use the cue in parentheses and complete their answers using such, so, and that

1- How popular were Hush Puppies in the fall of 1995?

- (popular shoes) They were _____ the famous designer Calvin Klein asked his models to wear them in his fashion shows.

2- Did Rachel Carson's book, Silent Spring, really educate people about the dangerous chemical called DDT?

- (few) Clearly it did. Before her book came out, _____ Americans understood DDT _____ no one worried about it.

3- Is the Internet a powerful tool to make ideas tip?

- (powerful tool) Absolutely. The Internet is _____ connectors can use the Internet to spread infectious ideas with a single e-mail.

4- How anonymous was William Dawes in Boston right before the start of the Revolutionary War?

- (anonymous) William Dawes was _____ no one listened to his warnings of the British invasion.

5- How influential was Kelling's "broken windows theory"?

- (influential theory) Well, it was _____ the mayor based his crime strategy completely on Kelling's ideas.

6- Is yawning contagious?

- (contagious) Believe it or not, it is _____ if you start to yawn, it is likely that the person next to you will yawn, and soon everyone in the room will be yawning.

7- Was the first Yale University tetanus shot campaign a success?

- (a failure) Unfortunately, the first one wasn't. It was _____ only 20 out of 2,000 students got inoculated.

8- How strongly does the CEO of Gore and Associates feel about the "Rule of 150"?

- (strongly) Obviously he feels _____ about it _____ each Gore-tex factory has only 150 parking spaces. When cars begin to park on the grass, the company builds a new factory. Gore has 15 factories all within a 12-mile area.

Best of luck