

نظرة وصفية للرابطة الكيميائية

A Qualitative Description of Chemical Bond



Classification of Interaction Between atoms

()

.()

(:

.()

(

()

"

:

. closed - shell atoms "

" ()

.open shell atoms

F , Mg , C , H

.F⁻ , Mg²⁺ , Na⁺ , Li⁺

1s²

.((-))

(1s) K

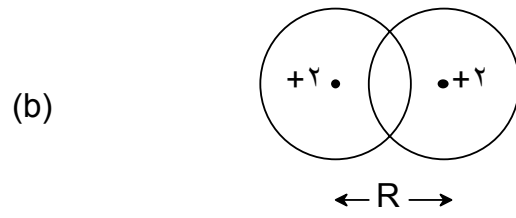
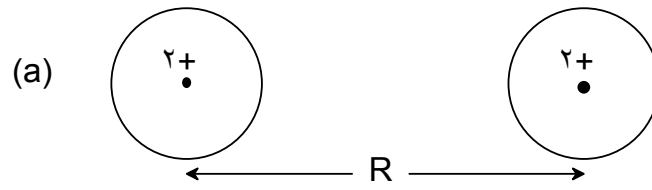
.(n = 2)

.()

(1s)

He - He

H - H



: (-)

(a)

(b)

()

:

(

ionic bond

Cl^- , Na^+

:

He - He

(

. Van der Waals Interaction

()

(

.()

H - H

(

. Covalent bond

)

.(

Ionic Bond

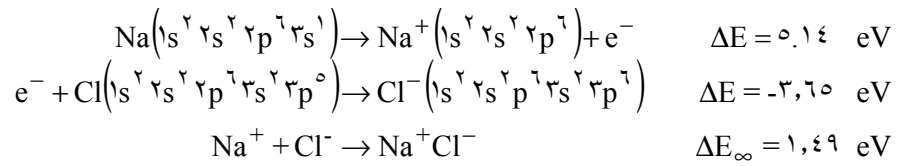
-

.K⁺, Na⁺, Li⁺

... Br⁻, Cl⁻, F⁻

Na⁺ Cl⁻

:



(34,4 k cal / mole)

1,49 eV

1,49 eV

()

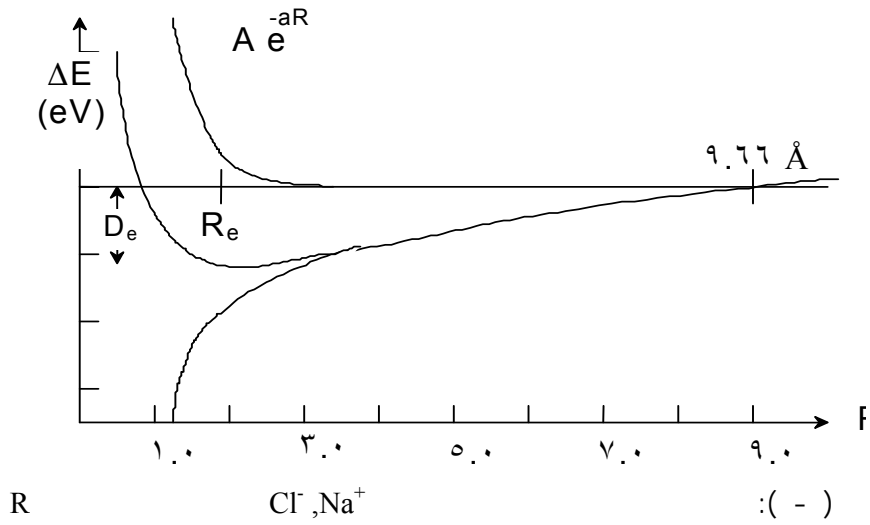
$$\Delta E(R) = \frac{-e^2}{R} + \Delta E(\infty) \quad (3-1)$$

)
interionic R (-e +e
. (R) ΔE(R) . separation
ΔE(R) (-e²/R)

$$\Delta E(R) = \Delta E(\infty) = 1,49 \text{ eV}$$

:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\nu - 1) \\
 & \cdot R < 9,76 \text{ \AA} \quad \Delta E(R) \\
 & \cdot \\
 & \cdot (\nu - 1) \quad \Delta E(R) \quad (-)
 \end{aligned}$$



:	-
R	:
· (ν - 1)	:
()	(ν - 1)
ΔE _∞ = 1,49 eV	

$$1.49 = \frac{-e^{-\gamma}}{R} = \frac{-(2.8 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ m})^{-\gamma}}{R} = \frac{-23.07171 \text{ m}^{-\gamma}}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{-23.07171 \text{ m}^{-\gamma}}{1.49 \text{ m}^{-1} \cdot 1.772 \text{ m}^{-1\gamma}} = 9.77 \text{ m}^{-\gamma} \text{ cm}$$

$$= 9.77 \text{ \AA}$$

(3 - 1)

((3 - 1))

r_s, r_p, r_d

$r_d, \epsilon_s, \epsilon_p$

(3 - 1)

R

$$Ae^{-aR}$$

:

$$\Delta E(R) = Ae^{-aR} - \frac{e^{-\gamma}}{R} + \Delta E(\infty) \quad (3 - 2)$$

a, A

NaCl fitting ()

(3-2)

.NaCl

(-)

R_e

minimum

$$v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{k}{\mu} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (\text{r} - \text{r})$$

$$\mu = 2,3031 \times 10^{-27} \text{ g} \quad v = 1,093 \times 10^{10} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$k = 1,087 \times 10^{10} \text{ erg/cm} \quad k$$

$$= 7,78 \text{ eV/\AA}$$

$$D_e, k$$

$$R_e = 2,3769 \text{ \AA}$$

$$R = R_e \quad A, a$$

$$R = R_e \quad \frac{dE}{dR} = \cdot \quad (- \quad)$$

$$: \quad R \quad (\text{r} - \text{r})$$

$$\left(\frac{dE}{dR} \right)_{R=R_e} = -aA \exp(-aR_e) + \frac{e^{\text{r}}}{R_e} = \cdot \quad (\text{r} - \xi)$$

$$: \quad A$$

$$A = \left(\frac{e^{\text{r}}}{aR_e^{\text{r}}} \right) \exp(aR_e) \quad (\text{r} - \circ)$$

$$: \quad (\text{r} - \text{r}) \quad (\text{r} - \circ)$$

$$\Delta E_{(R)} = \left(\frac{e^{\text{r}}}{aR_e^{\text{r}}} \right) \exp[-a(R - R_e)] - \frac{e^{\text{r}}}{R} + \Delta E_{\infty} \quad (\text{r} - \text{r})$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

$$\cdot k \quad \left(\frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial x^2} = k \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{d^2 \Delta E}{dR^2} \right)_{R=R_e} = \frac{e^2}{R_e^3} (aR_e - \nu) = k \quad (r - \nu)$$

$$\begin{aligned} aR_e &= \nu + \frac{kR_e^3}{e^2} \\ &= \nu + \frac{(1.017 \times 10^{-8})^3 (2.37 \times 10^{-18})}{(2.307 \times 10^{-19})^2} \\ &= 1.190 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = 2.47 \text{ \AA}^{-1} \quad a \quad (r - \nu) \quad A = 27.0 \text{ eV}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_e &= -\Delta E_{(R_e)} = -A \exp(-aR_e) + \frac{e^2}{R_e} - \Delta E_\infty \\ &= -0.744 + 6.99 - 1.49 = 3.87 \text{ eV} \end{aligned}$$

NaCl

%

. ($r - r$)

dipole moment

. ($r - r$)

-

Dipole moments and Polarizability

point charge

.

. dipole moment μ_{el}

- -

Electric dipole moment

r q

$$\mu_{el} = q \cdot r$$

. Dipole field

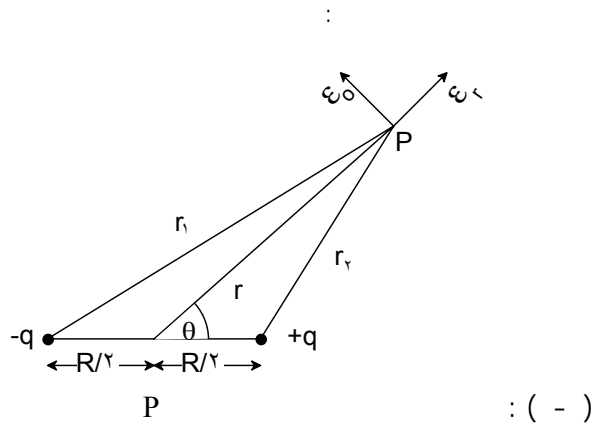
$\pm q / r$

$\pm q$

r

P

. $\pm q / r^2$ P



r P (-)

$$V = \frac{q}{r_1} + \left(-\frac{q}{r_2} \right) = q \left(\frac{r_1 - r_2}{r_1 r_2} \right) \quad (3-9)$$

R r θ

: the law of cosines

$$r_1^2 = r^2 \left(1 + \rho \cos \theta + \frac{1}{4} \rho^2 \right) \quad (3-10)$$

$$r_2^2 = r^2 \left(1 - \rho \cos \theta + \frac{1}{4} \rho^2 \right)$$

$$r \gg R \quad \rho = R / r$$

$$\rho = \dots \quad (3-10)$$

$$r_1 = r \left(1 + \frac{1}{r} \rho \cos \theta + \dots \right) \quad (3-11)$$

$$r_2 = r \left(1 - \frac{1}{r} \rho \cos \theta + \dots \right)$$

$$(3-11)$$

$$: (3-9)$$

$$V = q \frac{(r_1 - r_2)}{r_1 r_2} \cong q \frac{R \cos \theta}{r^2} = \mu \frac{\cos \theta}{r^2} \quad (3-12)$$

$$r^2 = r_1 r_2 \quad r \gg R$$

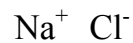
$$\epsilon_r = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial r} = 2\mu \frac{\cos \theta}{r^3} \quad (3-13)$$

$$\epsilon_\theta = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} = \mu \frac{\sin \theta}{r^3} \quad (3-14)$$

(cm) x (esu)
(D)) Debye

$$1 \text{ D} = 10^{-18} \text{ esu. cm}$$

Dipole moment of NaCl and polarizability of ions



$$\begin{aligned} \mu_{\text{el}} &= (4.803 \times 10^{-10} \text{ esu}) (2.3609 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}) \\ &= 11.34 \text{ D} \end{aligned}$$

3.7% (9.002 D)

R_e

(μ_{ind}) induced dipole moment

μ_p

μ_p

μ_{ind}

μ_{ind}

permanent dipole moment

μ_{ind}

μ_{exp}

μ_{el}

NaCl

$$\mu_{ind} = 11.34 - 9.00 = 2.34 \text{ D}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\mu_{ind}}{\mu_{exp}} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{2.34}{11.34} \right)$$

μ_{ind}
NaCl

$$\epsilon_r \quad (\epsilon_0 = \epsilon_r \epsilon_0)$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{Na}^+} = \frac{q}{R^3} + \frac{\mu_{\text{Cl}^-}}{R^3}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{Cl}^-} = \frac{q}{R^3} + \frac{\mu_{\text{Na}^+}}{R^3}$$

$$\mu_{\text{ind}} = \alpha \epsilon \quad (\text{Equation 16})$$

Polarizability α

$$\alpha_{\text{Na}^+}$$

$$\mu_{\text{ind}} = \mu_{\text{Cl}^-} = \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \epsilon_{\text{Cl}^-} = q \frac{\alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{R^3} \quad (\text{Equation 17})$$

$$R = R_e = \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} (2.97 \text{ \AA}^3)$$

$$\mu_{\text{ind}} = \frac{(2.97)(2.97)}{(2.36)^3} = 2.07 \text{ D}$$

(2.34 D)

$$\Delta E_{(R)}$$

$$E_{\nu} = \int \mu_{\text{ind}} d\varepsilon = \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \int \varepsilon d\varepsilon = \frac{1}{\gamma} \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \varepsilon^{\gamma}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\gamma} \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \left(\frac{q}{R^{\gamma}} \right)^{\gamma} = \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{q^{\gamma} \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{R^{\xi}} \quad (\gamma - 1 \lambda)$$

α_+ (\AA^{γ})	IP_{γ} (eV)	IP_1 (eV)	M
0,287	70,719	0,390	Li
0,2000	47,290	0,138	Na
1,2010	31,810	4,339	K
1,7970	27,000	4,176	Rb
3,1370	20,100	3,893	Cs
α_- (\AA^{γ})	EA (eV)		X
0,709	3,40 (3,448)		F
2,974	3,713		Cl
4,130	3,363		Br
6,199	3,063 (3,076)		I

$$E_{\nu} = \int \mu_{\text{ind}} d\varepsilon = \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \int \varepsilon d\varepsilon = \frac{1}{\gamma} \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \varepsilon^{\gamma}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\gamma} \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-} \left(\frac{q}{R^{\gamma}} \right)^{\gamma} = \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{q^{\gamma} \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{R^{\xi}} \quad (\gamma - 1 \lambda)$$

*

$$: \quad (r = R, \theta = \pi) \quad (3 - 17), (3 - 18)$$

$$v = -\frac{\mu_{\text{ind}}}{R^\gamma} = -\frac{q\alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{R^\xi} \quad (3 - 19)$$

$$E_\gamma = qv = \frac{-q^\gamma \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{R^\xi} \quad (3 - 20)$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{pol}} = E_\gamma + E_\gamma = -\frac{\gamma q^\gamma \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{\gamma R^\xi} \quad (3 - 21)$$

$$: \quad (3 - 2)$$

$$\Delta E_{(R)} = Ae^{-aR} - \frac{e^\gamma}{R} - \frac{\gamma e^\gamma \alpha_{\text{Cl}^-}}{\gamma R^\xi} + \Delta E_{(\infty)} \quad (3 - 22)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &) \quad D_e \\ \xi, \gamma \text{ eV} & \quad (\quad A, a \\ & . (\xi, \gamma \text{ eV}) \end{aligned}$$

96 %

(3 - 22)

: ()

$$\Delta E_{(R)} = Ae^{-aR} - C_1 R^{-\gamma} - \frac{e^{\gamma}}{R} - \frac{1}{\gamma} e^{\gamma} \frac{\alpha_+ + \alpha_-}{R^{\xi}}$$
$$- \gamma e^{\gamma} \frac{\alpha_+ \alpha_-}{R^{\gamma}} + \Delta E_{(\infty)} \quad (13 - 23)$$

α_-, α_+

Rittner

$$\Delta E_{(R)} \quad (-) \quad (-)$$

The van der Waals attraction

((3-22))

$$((3-22)) \quad ()$$

()

$$\Delta E_{\infty} = \frac{A}{a^6} (r - r_0)$$

van der Waals attraction

London dispersion forces

:(-)

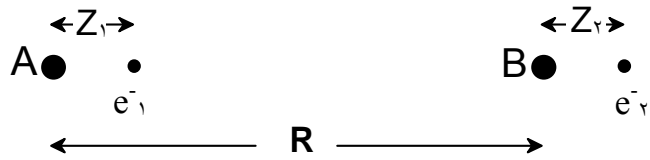
^c D _e (eV)	μ _{el} (D)	^b ω _e (cm ⁻¹)	^b R _e (Å)	^a C _T (eV Å ⁻¹)	x	M
۵,۹۹	۶,۳۲۴۸	۹۱۰,۳	۱,۵۶۳۹	۰,۵	F	Li
۴,۸۵	۷,۱۲۸۹	۶۴۱,۰	۲,۰۲۰۷	۱,۲	Cl	.
۴,۳۶	۷,۲۶۸۰	۵۶۳,۰	۲,۱۷۰۴	۱,۶	Br	.
۴,۳۶۶	۶,۲۵۰۰	۴۹۸,۰	۲,۳۹۱۹	۲,۱	I	.
۴,۹۴	۸,۱۵۵۸	۵۳۶,۱	۱,۹۲۶۰	۲,۸	F	Na
۴,۲۲	۹,۰۰۲۰	۳۶۴,۱	۲,۳۶۰۹	۷,۰	Cl	.
۳,۷۴	۹,۱۱۸۳	۲۹۸,۵	۲,۵۰۲۰	۸,۷	Br	.
۳,۴۳	۹,۲۳۵۷	۲۵۹,۲	۲,۷۱۱۴	۱۱,۹	I	.
۵,۰۸	۸,۵۹۲۶	۴۲۶,۰	۲,۱۷۱۶	۱۲,۲	F	K
۴,۳۷	۱۰,۲۶۹۰	۲۷۹,۸	۲,۶۶۶۸	۳۹,۰	Cl	.
۳,۹۲	۱۰,۶۲۸۰	۲۱۹,۲	۲,۸۲۰۸	۵۲,۰	Br	.
۳,۴۵	۱۱,۰۵۰۰	۱۸۶,۵	۳,۰۴۷۸	۷۶,۰	I	.
۵,۰۲	۸,۵۴۶۵	۳۷۳,۳	۲,۲۷۰۴	۱۹,۰	F	Rb
۴,۳۱	۱۰,۵۱۵۰	۲۲۳,۳	۲,۷۸۶۹	۴۹,۰	Cl	.
۳,۸۹	---	۱۶۹,۵	۲,۹۴۴۷	۶۲,۰	Br	.
۳,۳۱	---	۱۳۸,۵	۳,۱۷۶۸	۸۴,۰	I	.
۵,۱۷	۷,۸۸۳۹	۳۵۲,۶	۲,۳۴۵۵	۳۲,۰	F	Cs
۴,۵۹	۱۰,۳۸۷۰	۲۱۴,۲	۲,۹۰۶۴	۸۰,۵	Cl	.
۴,۱۹	--	۱۴۹,۵	۳,۰۷۲۲	۱۰۲,۰	Br	.
۳,۵۷	---	۱۱۹,۲	۳,۳۱۵۲	۱۴۰,۰	I	.

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P. L. Clauser and W. Gordy, ibid., ۱۳۴, A۸۶۳ (۱۹۶۴),
S. E. Veazey and W. Gordy, ibid., ۱۳۸, A۱۳۰۳ (۱۹۶۵)
c L. Brewer and E. Brackett. Chem. Rev., ۶۱, ۴۲۵ (۱۹۶۱)

R ()

) V ((-)

$$V_{(z_1, z_2)} = e^{\gamma} \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R + z_2 - z_1} - \frac{1}{R - z_1} - \frac{1}{R + z_2} \right) \quad (\gamma - \gamma \xi)$$



(z) : (-)

A, B

z

A e_r B e_r

A e_r

B e_r

:

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z_1^2} + \frac{1}{2} k z_1^2 - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z_2^2} + \frac{1}{2} k z_2^2 + V_{(z_1, -z_2)} \quad (\gamma - \gamma \circ)$$

$$k_1 = \frac{1}{\gamma} k \left(1 + \frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)$$

$$k_\gamma = \frac{1}{\gamma} k \left(1 - \frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)$$

:

$$v = \frac{1}{\gamma \pi} \left(\frac{k}{\mu} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

:

$$v_1 = \frac{1}{\gamma \pi} \left(\frac{k_1}{\mu} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{\gamma \pi} \left(\frac{k}{m} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \quad (\gamma - 28)$$

:

$$v_\gamma = \frac{1}{\gamma \pi} \left(\frac{k_\gamma}{\mu} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = \frac{1}{\gamma \pi} \left(\frac{k}{m} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \left(1 - \frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \quad (\gamma - 29)$$

:

$$\frac{1}{R}$$

R

$$\left(1 \pm \frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = \left[1 \pm \frac{e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} - \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)^\gamma + \dots \right]$$

: $(\gamma - 28), (\gamma - 29)$

$$v_1 = v \left[1 + \frac{e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} - \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)^\gamma + \dots \right]$$

$$v_\gamma = v \left[1 - \frac{e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} - \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\gamma e^\gamma}{kR^\gamma} \right)^\gamma + \dots \right]$$

. $Z_1 Z_2$

$$(3 - 30)$$

v

)

: (Zero - point energy)

$$E_0 = \frac{1}{2} h(\nu_1 + \nu_2)$$

: $\nu_2 \quad \nu_1$

$$E_n = h\nu - \frac{1}{2} h\nu \frac{e^{-\xi}}{k^2 R^2} + \dots$$

dispersion energy

$$\Delta E_{(R)_{dis}} = -\frac{1}{2} h\nu \frac{e^{-\xi}}{k^2 R^2} \quad (3 - 31)$$

$$\alpha = e^{-\xi}/k$$

()

(3 - 31)

$$\Delta E_{(R)_{dis}} = -\frac{1}{2} h\nu \frac{\alpha^2}{R^2} \quad (3 - 32)$$

.()

permanent dipole moment

.instantaneous dipole moment

. induced dipole moment

dispersion

energy

)

.(Fluctuating Dipoles

$$\Delta E_{(R)_{dis}} = -\frac{\nu}{\xi} h\nu \frac{\alpha^{\nu}}{R^{\nu}} \quad \begin{matrix} (\nu - \nu\nu) \\ (\nu - \nu\nu) \end{matrix}$$

($\nu - \nu\nu$)

()

.quantum mechanical effect

:

$$\Delta E_{(R)_{dis}} = -\frac{\gamma}{\xi} (IP) \frac{\alpha^\gamma}{R^\gamma}$$

$$\Delta E_{(R)_{dis}} = -\frac{\gamma}{\gamma} \frac{(IP)_A (IP)_B}{(IP)_A + (IP)_B} \frac{\alpha_A \alpha_B}{R^\gamma} \quad (\gamma - 30)$$

London

$$\Delta E_{(R)_{dis}} = -C_\gamma / R^\gamma \quad (\gamma - 36)$$

. Van der Waals Coefficient

$$C_\gamma$$

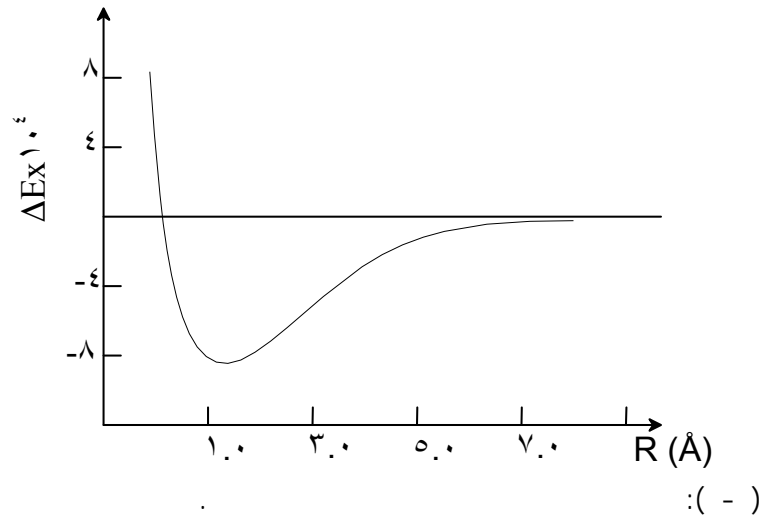
(-)

$$\Delta E_{(R)} = Ae^{-aR} - \frac{C_\gamma}{R^\gamma} \quad (\gamma - 37)$$

A a (-)

: C_γ a = 0,14 Å⁻¹, A = 1,707 eV

$$\text{Å}^\gamma C_\gamma = \frac{\gamma}{\xi} (IP)^\gamma \alpha^\gamma = \frac{\gamma}{\xi} (\gamma \xi \cdot \gamma)^\gamma (\cdot \cdot \gamma \cdot \circ) = \cdot \cdot \gamma \gamma \text{ eV}$$



$$\text{Born - Type repulsion} \quad \Delta E(R) = BR^{-12} - CR^{-6} \quad \text{He}_r \quad (r - r_0)$$

$$C = 0.879 \text{ eV} \cdot \text{\AA}^6, \quad B = 137 \text{ eV} \cdot \text{\AA}^{12}$$

$$R = 2.9 \text{ \AA} \quad 0.78 \times 10^{-7} \text{ eV}$$

$$D_e = 0.78 \times 10^{-7} \text{ eV}$$

$$E_v = kT$$

$$= (1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K})(300 \text{ K}) = 4.14 \times 10^{-21} \text{ J}$$

$$= 2.6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ eV}$$

Hev

D_e

E_{vib}

$\cdot 10^{-17}$ s

EA (Hev) . (IP) -
 R n , B .BR⁻ⁿ He

n	B (eV . Å ⁿ)	R (Å) range
1,79	2,88	0,02 - 1,02
0,03	3,47	0,97 - 1,48
0,94	4,71	1,27 - 1,09

1,6 Å 0,0 He
 A e^{-aR} a , A

R ΔE :)
 (a C_n
 Hev hv W_e D_e R_e -
 (3 - 38)
 C = 0,879 eV . Å¹ B = 837 eV . Å¹⁷